

(3)

A23

- 1) pgs 108-110/ 31, 32, 41, 43, 51, 53, 55, 59, 66, 67, 68, 69, 71, 73, 77
- 2) pgs. 116-118/ 25, 33, 46, 48, 55, 56, 60, 61, 63, 66, 67, 68

Key

31. a. $\sqrt{-9} + \sqrt{-4} - \sqrt{16}$

31a. $3i + 2i - 4$
 $-4 + 5i$

b. $\sqrt{-16} + \sqrt{8} + \sqrt{-36}$

31b. $4i + 2\sqrt{2} + 6i$
 $2\sqrt{2} + 10i$

32. $z + z_a = 0$

a. $i + i - 1 - i$
 b. $3 - i - 3 + i$
 c. $-2 + 8i + 2 - 8i$

41. $(4-2i)(4+2i)$
 $16 + 8i - 8i - 4i^2$

$16 + 4$
 41. 20

43. $(3-6i)^2$
 $(3-6i)(3-6i)$
 $9 - 18i - 18i + 36i^2$
 $9 - 36i - 36$

43. $-27 - 36i$

51. $x^2 - 4 = -11$

$+4 = +4$
 $x^2 = -9$
 $x = \pm i\sqrt{9}$
invisible step

53. $2x^2 + 6 = -34$

$2x^2 = -40$
 $x^2 = -20$
 $x = \pm 2i\sqrt{5}$

55. $0 = 3x^2 + 6$

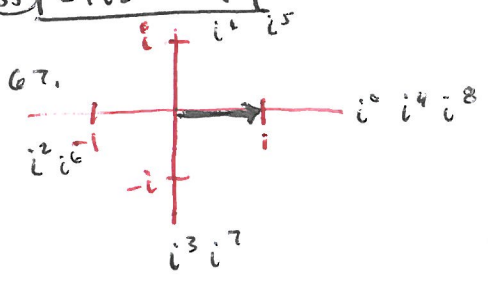
$-6 = 3x^2$
 $-2 = x^2$
 $\pm i\sqrt{2} = x$

59. $0 = -x^2 - 27$

$-27 = x^2$
 $\pm 3i\sqrt{3} = x$

60. $\sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{a \cdot b}$

$\sqrt{-4} \cdot \sqrt{-9} = \sqrt{36} = 6$
 No $2i \cdot 3i = 6i^2 = -6$



68. f & g have real zeros
 h has imaginary zeros
 b/c doesn't touch x-axis

69. $(3+4i) - (7-5i) + 2i(9+12i)$
 $3+4i - 7+5i + 18i - 24$

69. $-28 + 27i$

71. $(3+5i)(2-7i^4)$
 $(3+5i)(-5)$
Gen OASD

71. $-15 - 25i$

73. $(2+4i^5) + (1-9i^6)$
 $2+4i + 1+9 - 3 - (-i)$

73. $9 + 5i$

77. a. F $(3-5i) + (4+5i) = 7$

b. T $(3i)(2i) = 6i^2 = -6$

c. T $3i = 0 + 3i$

d. F $1 + 8i$

A23 cont. 2) p. 116-118 / 25, 33, 46, 48, 55, 56, 60, 61, 63, 66, 67, 68

25. $x^2 + 6x + 3 = 0$
 $-3 \quad -3$
 $x^2 + 6x + \underline{9} = -3 + \underline{9}$
 ~~3×3~~
 ~~6~~

$(x+3)(x+3) = 6$

$(x+3)^2 = 6$

$\sqrt{\quad} = \sqrt{\quad}$
 IS $\rightarrow x+3 = \pm \sqrt{6}$

(25) $x = -3 \pm \sqrt{6}$

37. $5x^2 + 30x + 50 = 0$
 $= 5$

$x^2 + 6x + 10 = 0$

$x^2 + 6x + \underline{9} = -10 + \underline{9}$

~~3×3~~
 ~~6~~

$(x+3)^2 = -1$
 $\sqrt{\quad} = \sqrt{\quad}$

$x+3 = \pm i$

(37) $x = -3 \pm i$

46. $x^2 - 16x + 64 = 0$

F ~~-8×8~~
 ~~-16~~

$(x-8)(x-8) = 0$

(46) $x = 8$

48. $3x^2 + 12x + 1 = 0$

$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{144 - 4(3)(1)}}{2 \cdot 3}$

$= \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{132}}{6} \quad 4 \cdot 33$

(48) $x = -2 \pm \frac{\sqrt{33}}{3}$

55. $f(x) = x^2 - 8x + 19$

$f(x) = x^2 + 8x + \underline{16} + 19 - \underline{16}$

~~-4×4~~
 ~~-8~~

(55) $f(x) = (x-4)^2 + 3$

56. $g(x) = x^2 - 4x - 1$

$g(x) = x^2 - 4x + \underline{4} - 1 - \underline{4}$

~~-2×2~~
 ~~-4~~

(56) $g(x) = (x-2)^2 - 5$

60. $f(x) = x^2 + 6x - 16$

$f(x) = x^2 + 6x + \underline{\quad} - 16 - \underline{\quad}$